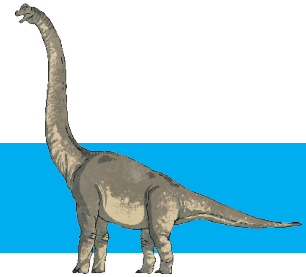


# The Water Cycle

You drink water every day, but have you ever asked how old the water is? The Earth always has the same amount of water and it moves through a cycle. The water in your cup today could have been the same water a dinosaur once took a bath in! The water cycle is important to life on Earth, but it is important to know that without the Sun there would be no water cycle.



**There are four stages of the water cycle.**

## Accumulation

The first stage of the water cycle is water accumulation. Water accumulation is water that is stored in rivers, lakes, and oceans. Oceans are the largest water accumulations because they hold 97 percent of the Earth's water. Accumulation can also be groundwater, which is water that goes into the Earth's surface, and is absorbed by roots to help plants grow.

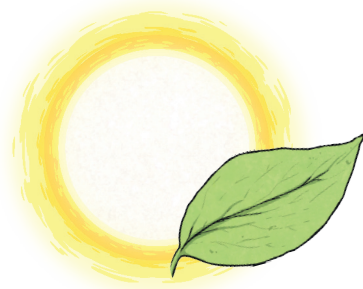
liquid to a gas, the process is called evaporation.

Water can be evaporated from plants. This is called transpiration. You can see evaporation by finding a puddle near your home after a rainstorm. As time passes, you will see that the puddle gets smaller. This is because the water is evaporating.



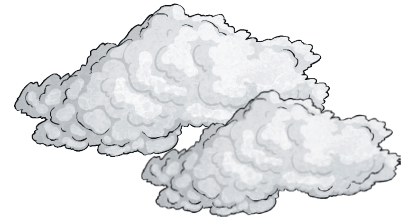
## Evaporation

As the Sun shines on accumulated water, the water heats up and turns into water vapour. Water vapour is a gas, so it rises into the air. When the Sun changes water from a



## Condensation

When water vapour is in the air, it cools. As it cools, the water vapour forms back into a liquid. Groups of water droplets come together to form clouds. When water changes from a gas (water vapour) to a liquid, this process is called condensation.



Even if there are no clouds in the sky, there is still water in the air. Clouds are not the only place to see condensation. On a hot day, you may take a cold glass of water outside. After some time, you feel that the outside of your cup is wet. Is the cup leaking? No, it is actually water vapour condensing when it cools on the side of your cup.

## Precipitation

As more water condenses in the air, it becomes heavy. The water will fall back to Earth as rain, hail, sleet, or snow, which is called precipitation.



When the water falls back to Earth, it gives water to plants and animals. Some water that does not go into the soil will run-off, which is when gravity pushes water to larger accumulations. The water cycle is now complete and ready to repeat again.

