

Year 1 Phonics

In each of our phonics lessons we revisit the graphemes taught in previous lessons; this involves reading them alone and in words, including polysyllabic words.

j	u	w	x	y	z	zz	qu
ch	sh	th	ng	ai	ee	igh	oa
oo	ar	or	ur	ow	oi	ear	air
ure	er						
ay	ou	ie	ea	oy	ir	ue	aw
wh	ph	ew	oe	au	ey	a_e	e_e
i_e	o_e	u_e					

We also revisit previously taught high frequency words, both reading and spelling.

This week...

We have started learning alternative pronunciations for graphemes we have previously learnt. This week we have focused on: u, ow.

Here are some example of words containing these graphemes. Your child could have a go at putting the sound buttons on and reading them, try to think of more words to add to the lists (or look for some in books) and once they are confident reading the words they could try spelling them too.

<p>The most common pronunciation of 'u' is the short 'u' sound:</p> <p>under</p> <p>fun</p>	<p>However in some words it makes the short 'oo' sound:</p> <p>put</p> <p>push</p> <p>pull</p>	<p>In other words it makes the long 'ue' sound:</p> <p>unicorn</p> <p>human</p> <p>music</p>
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WB: Monday 29th November 2021

but		
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The letters 'ow' can make the 'ow' sound:	The letters 'ow' can also make the long 'oa' sound:
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frown

down

clown

sound:

show

grow

window

We also learnt the homograph **bow**.

Homographs are words that have same spelling but can be used in different meanings and/or pronunciations.

New high frequency words - Reading

again	different	push
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New high frequency words - Spelling

one	make	here
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